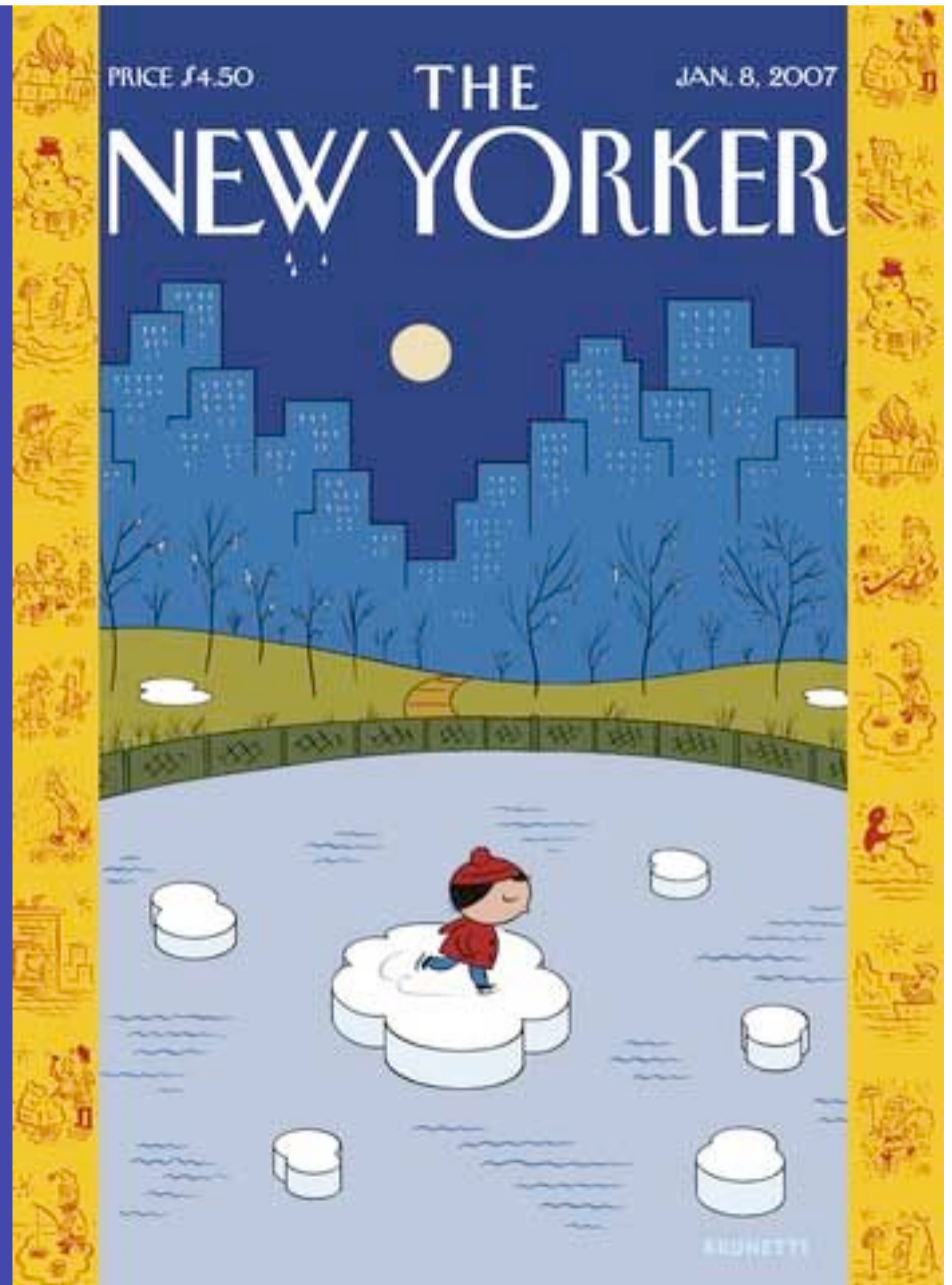


Model Panel Discussion

Dorothy Koch
Sunling Gong
Mark Flanner

Arctic Workshop
New York
January 2007



Model Panel Discussion

Dorothy Koch, Sunling Gong, Mark Flanner

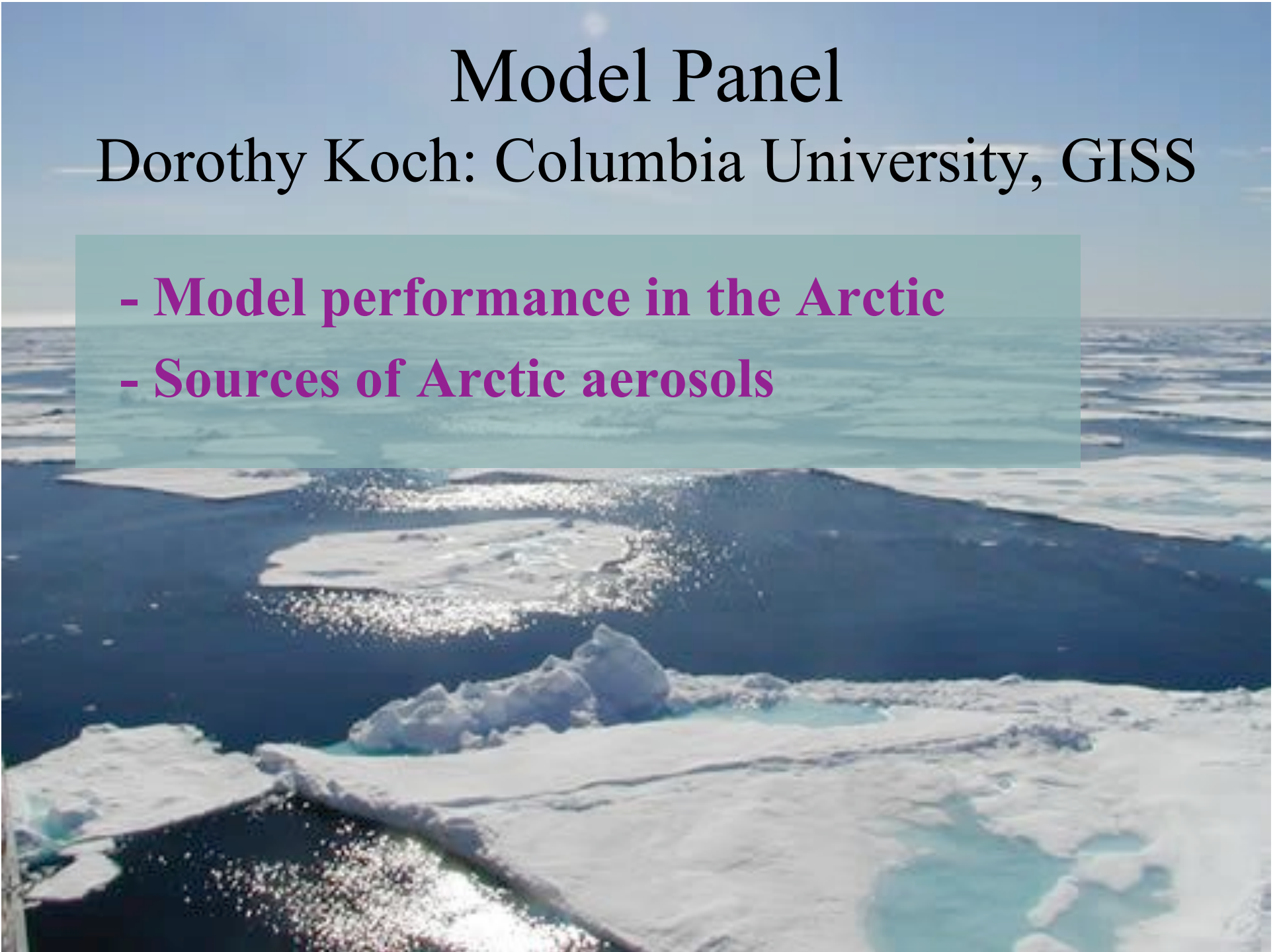
Model uncertainties as well as global warming are amplified in the Arctic:

- i) Emission inputs (especially for fires)**
 - ii) transport to Arctic**
 - iii) removal in the Arctic environment**
 - iv) parameterization of climate effects**
- *What measurements would help most to constrain models?**

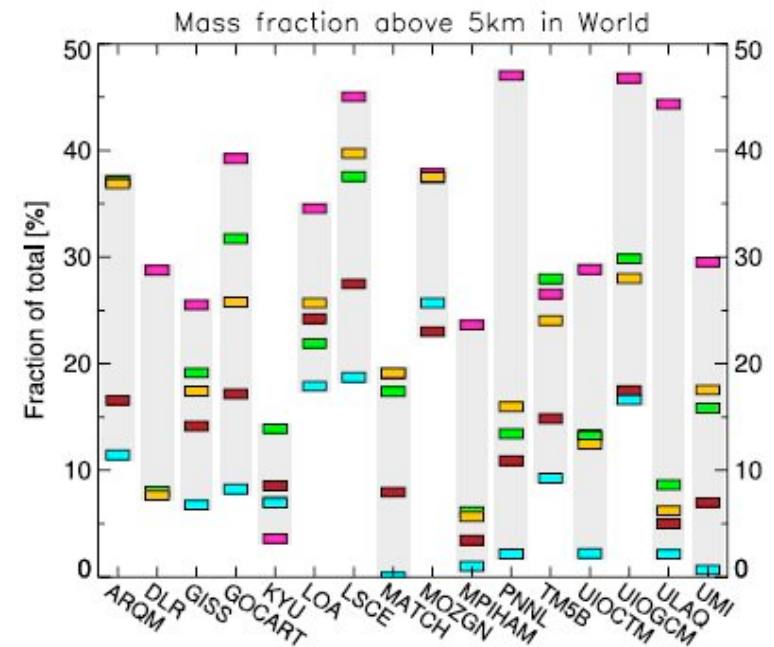
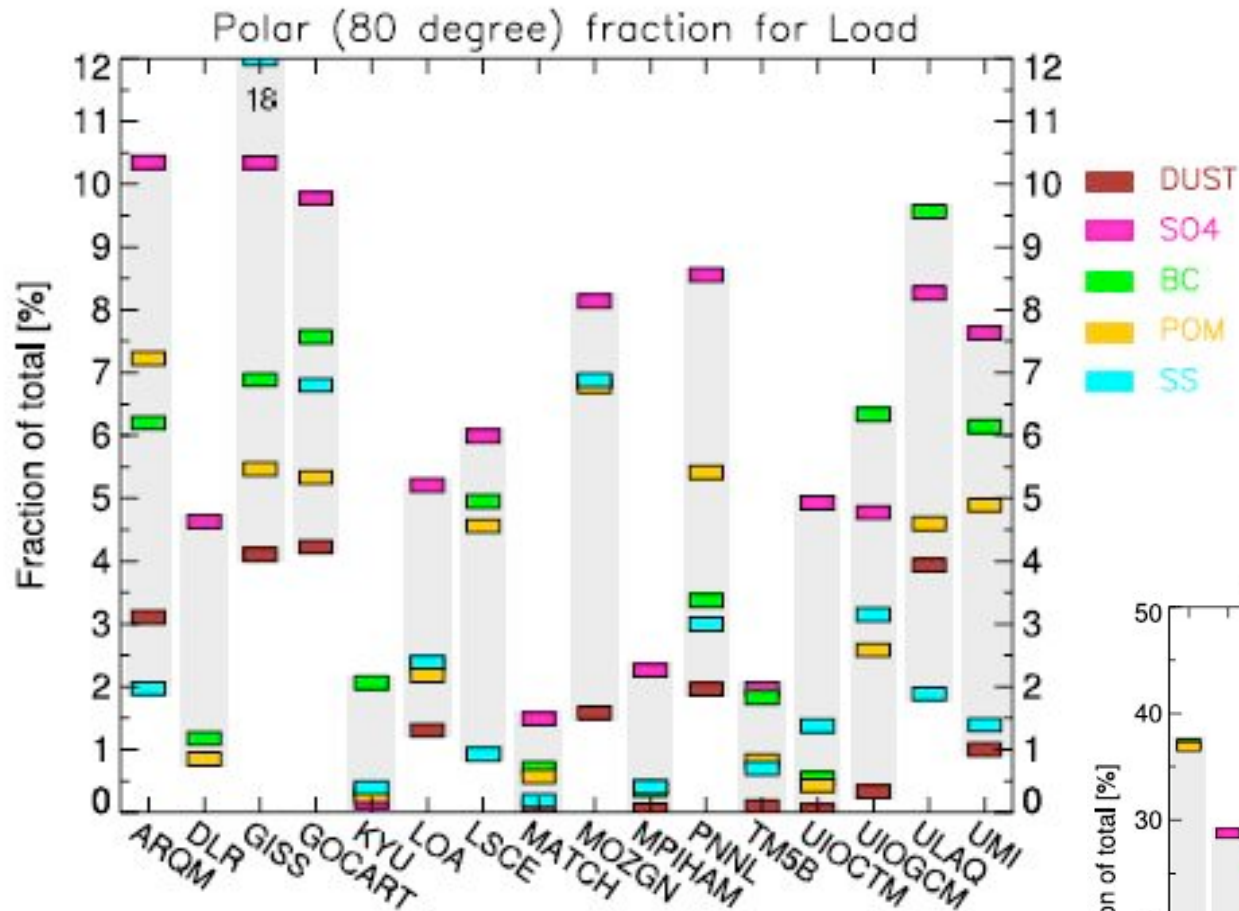
Model Panel

Dorothy Koch: Columbia University, GISS

- Model performance in the Arctic
- Sources of Arctic aerosols



Where do (AeroCom) models distribute their loads?



Textor *et al.*, *ACP*, 2006

AeroCom BC models in Denali and Barrow Alaska

Denali

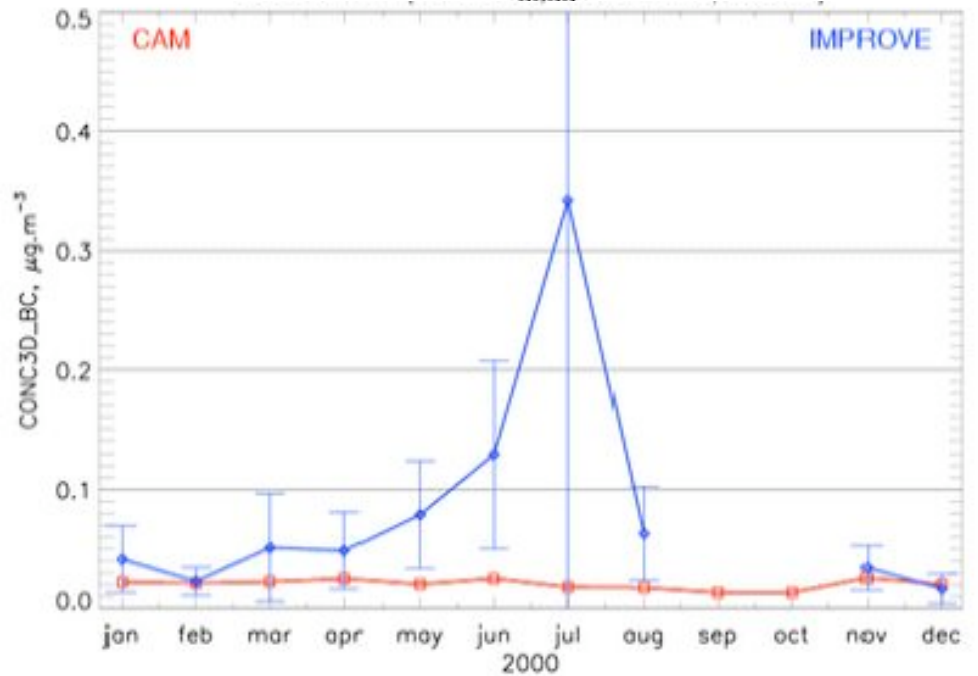
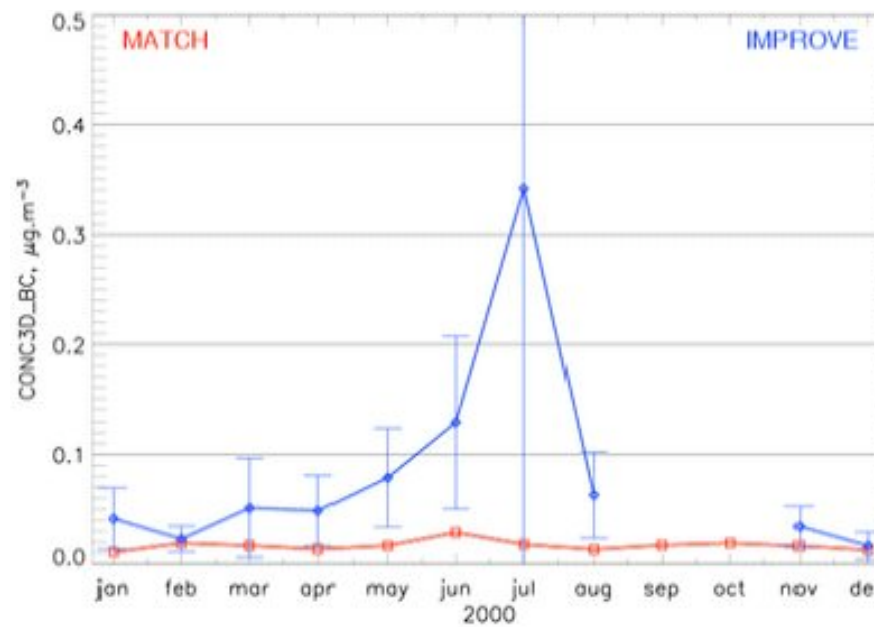
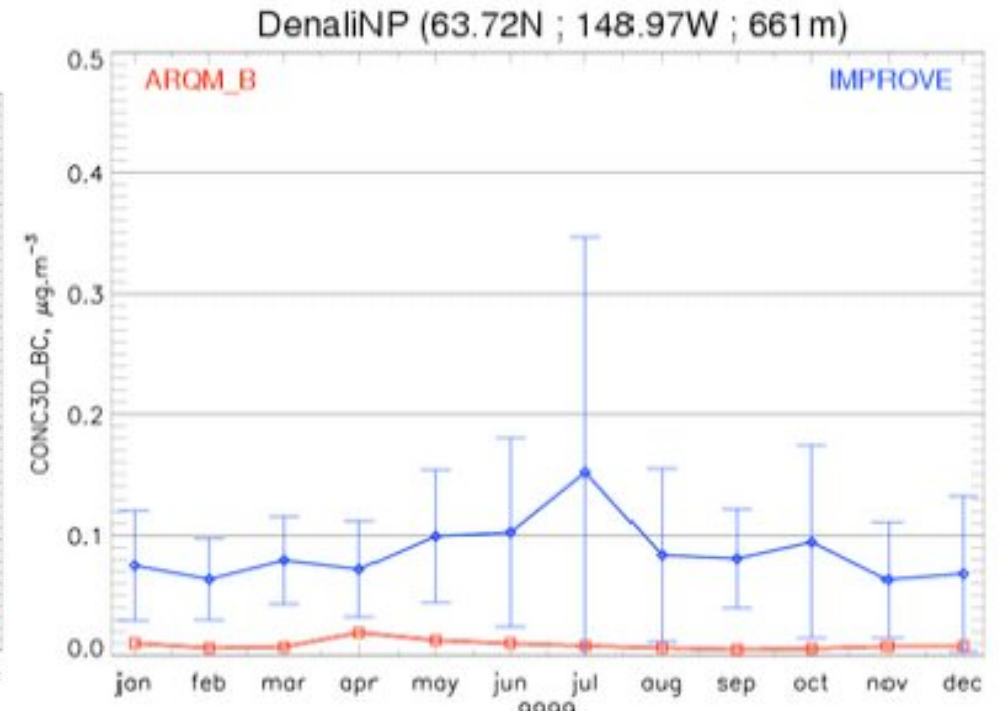
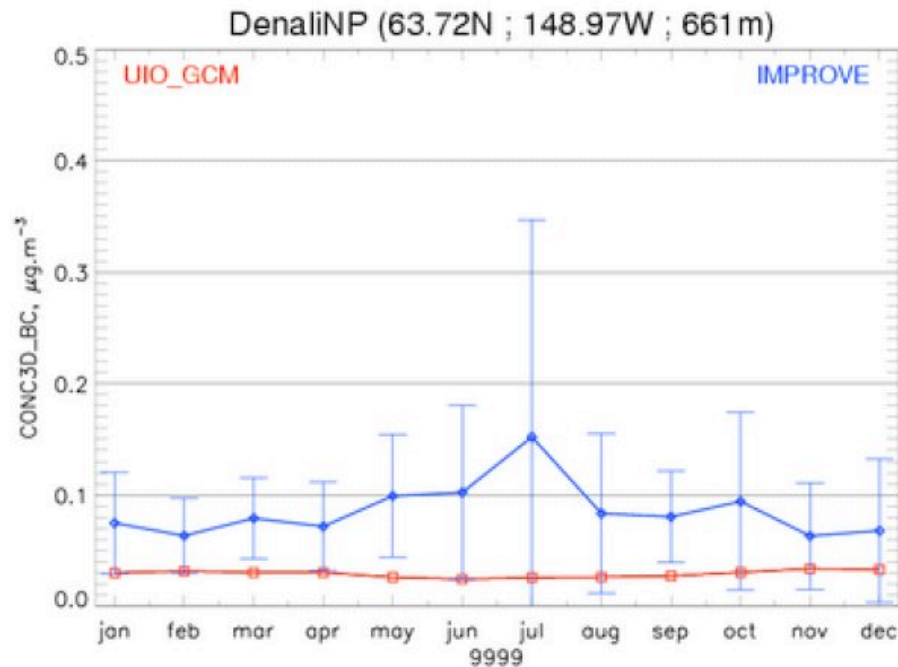


Barrow

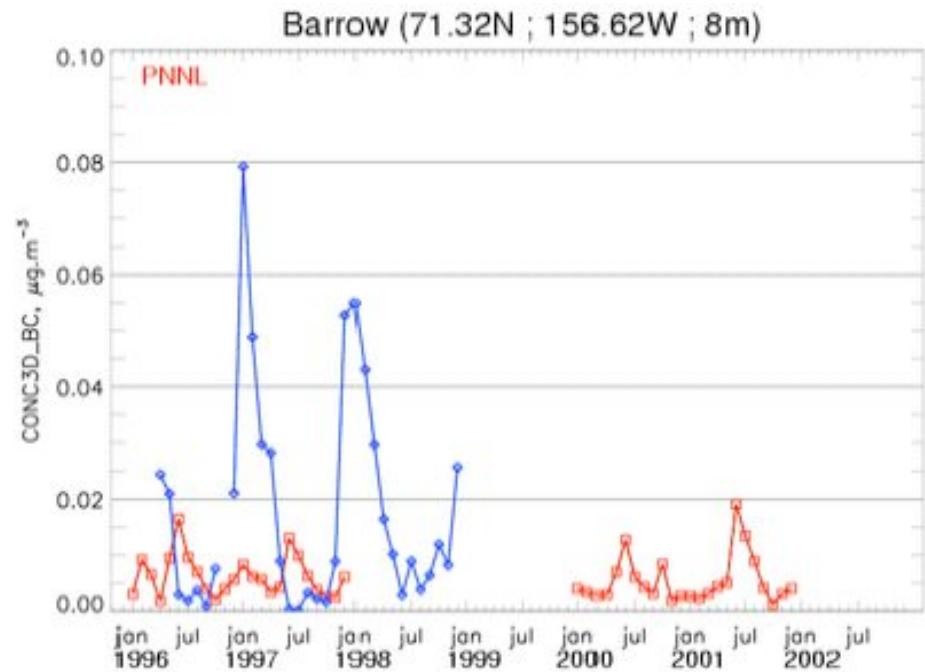
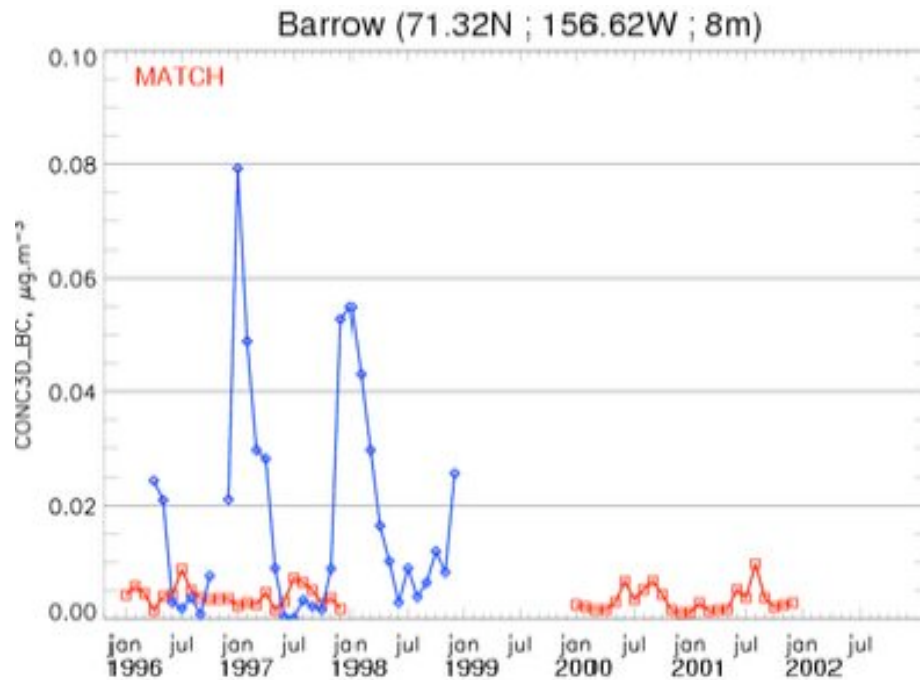
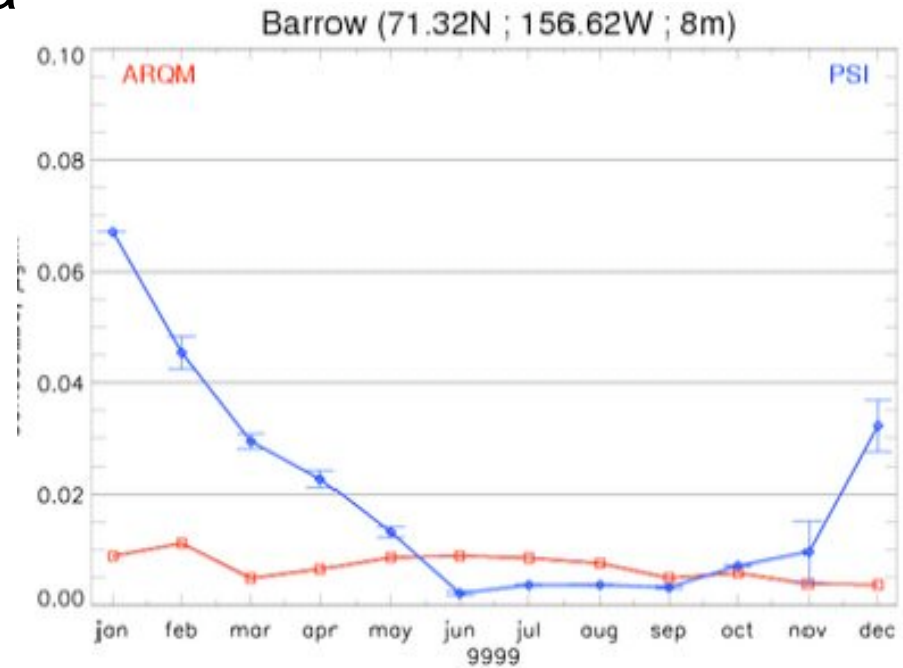


The unexamined life is not worth living
-Socrates

BC Models in Denali, Alaska

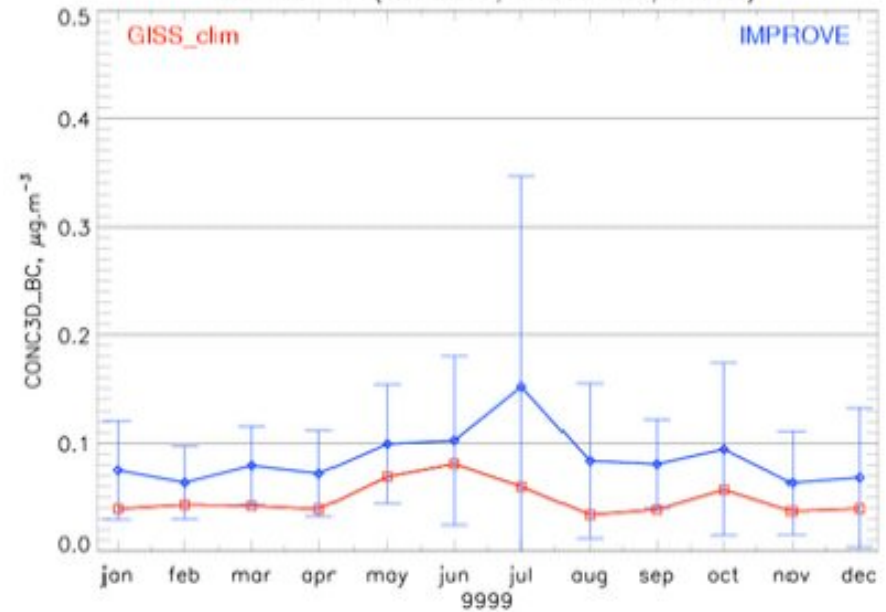


BC Models in Barrow, Alaska

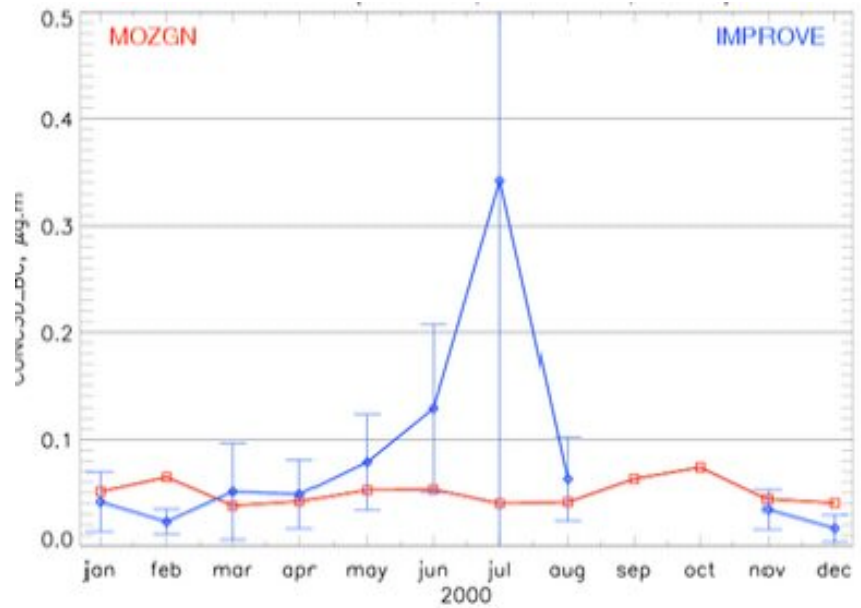
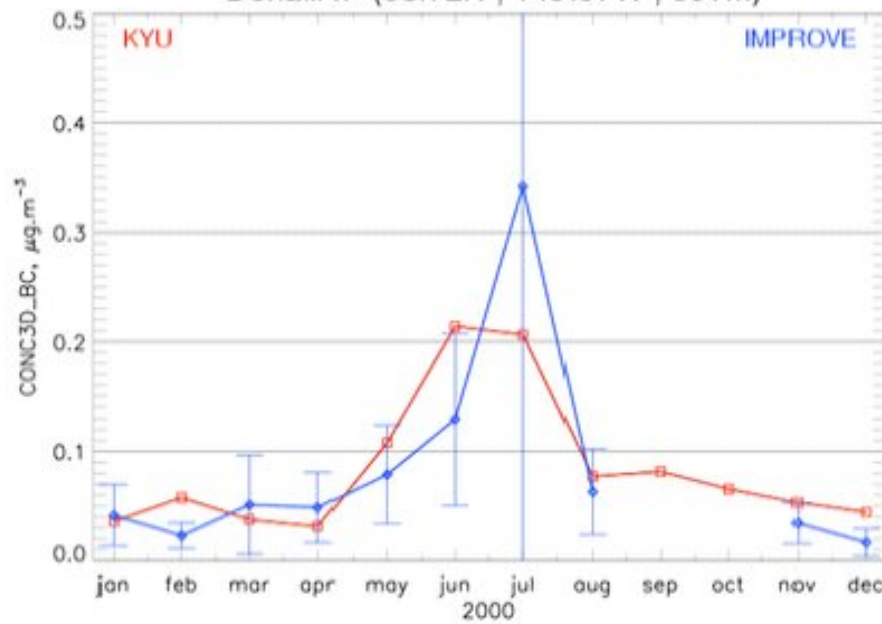


BC Models in Denali, Alaska

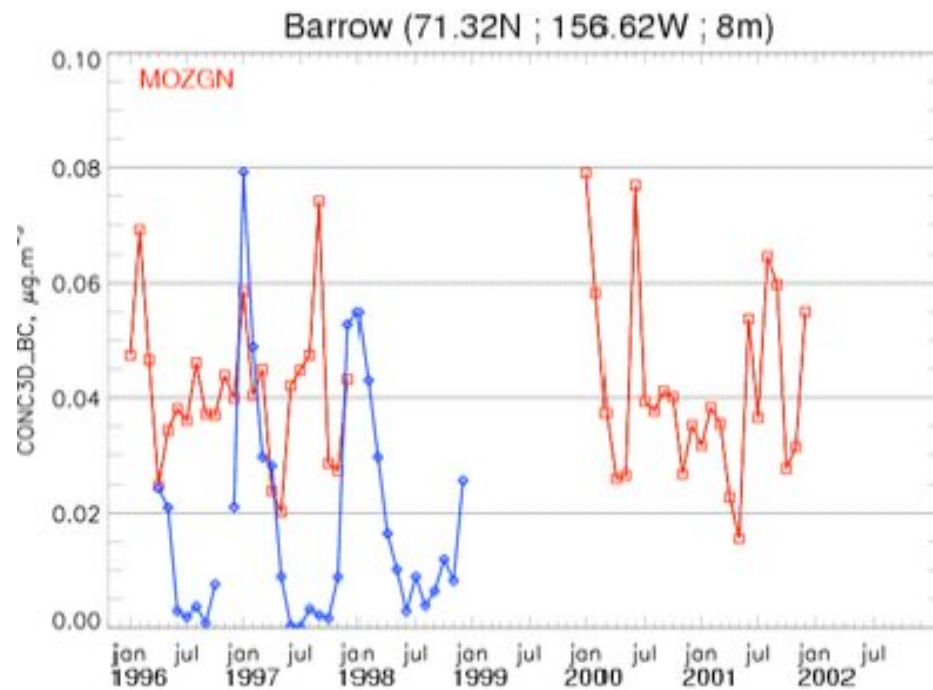
DenaliNP (63.72N ; 148.97W ; 661m)

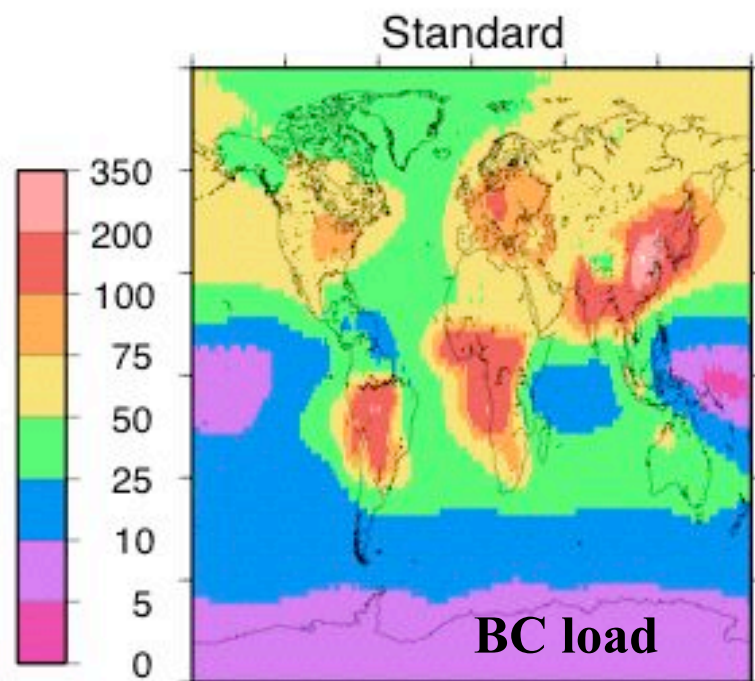


DenaliNP (63.72N ; 148.97W ; 661m)



BC Models in Barrow, Alaska

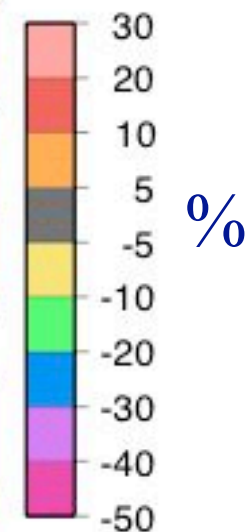
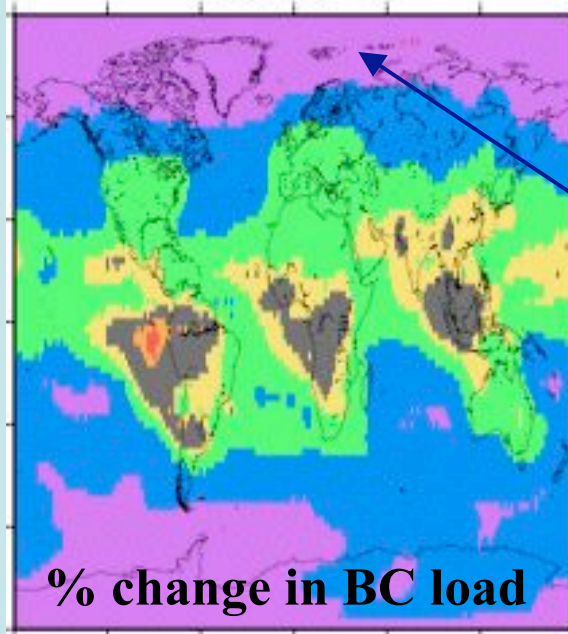




Standard BC
load assuming
5% ice
scavenging
(relative to rain)

% BC load
change for 40%
ice scavenging

ice -17%

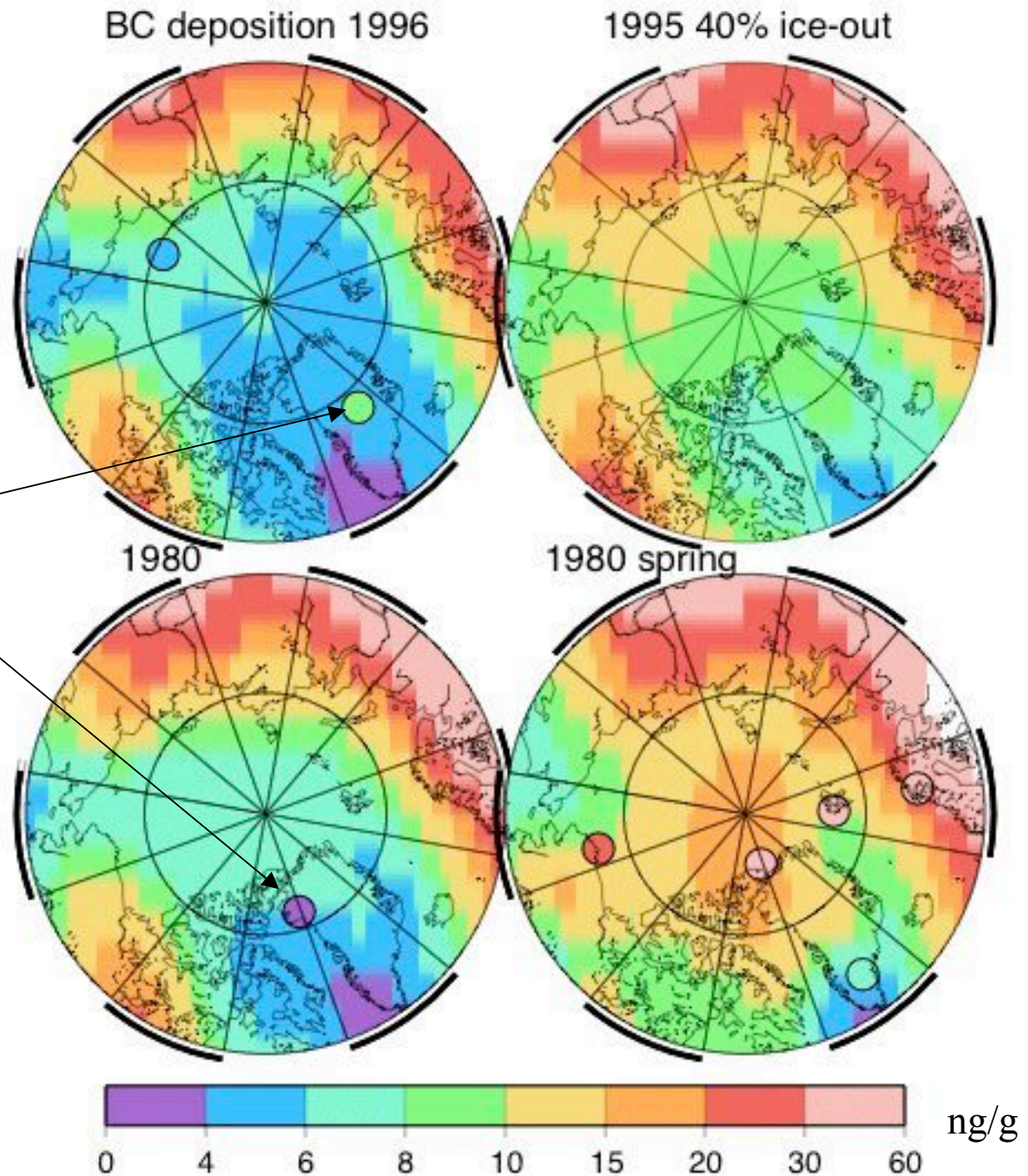


Enhancing ice
removal has big
effect at the poles.
(Note: GISS model has
large fraction of ice-
clouds)

BC snow concentration

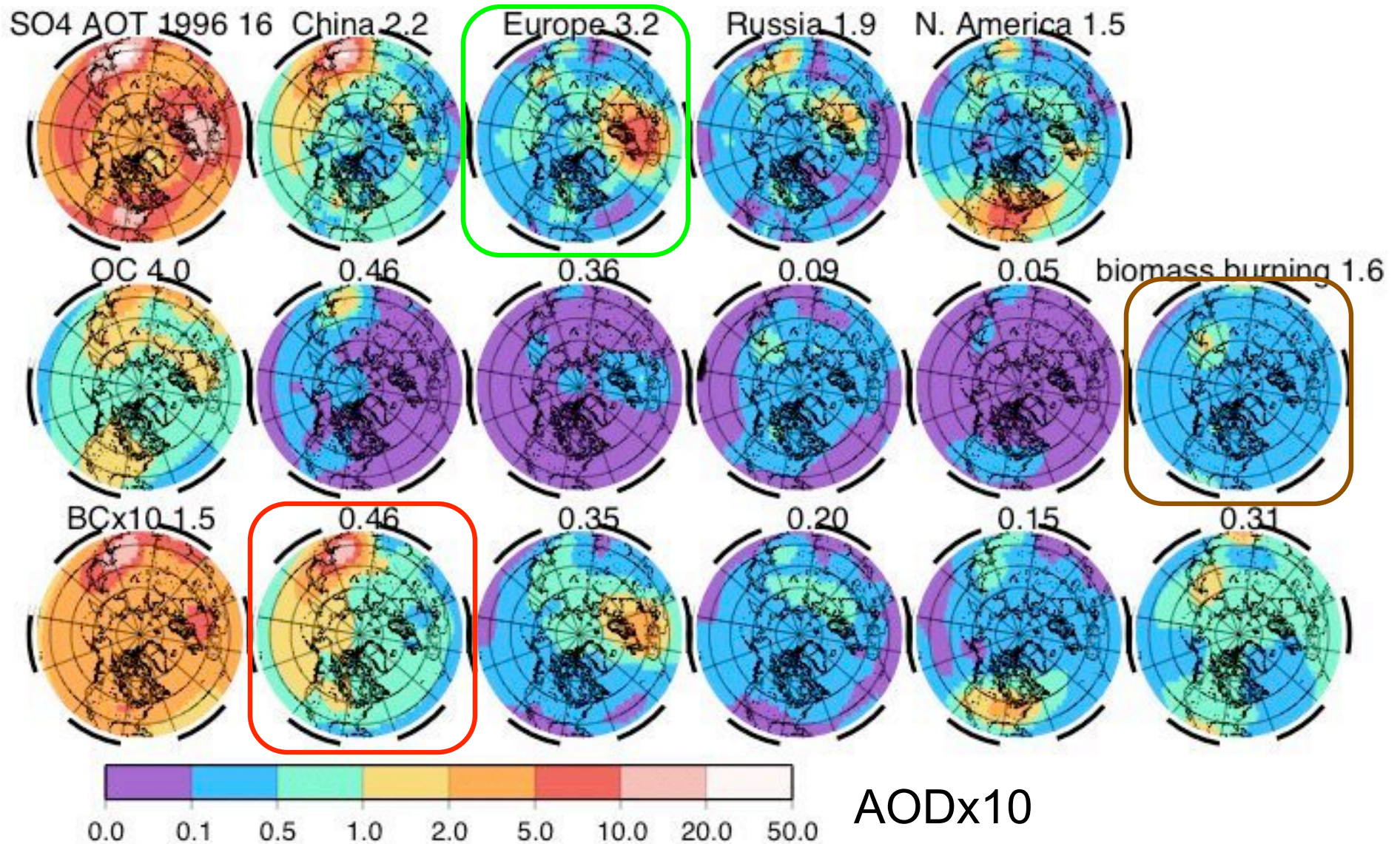
Observations
compiled by
Flanner et al.,
submitted

GISS model
Arctic BC is
generally smaller
than observed



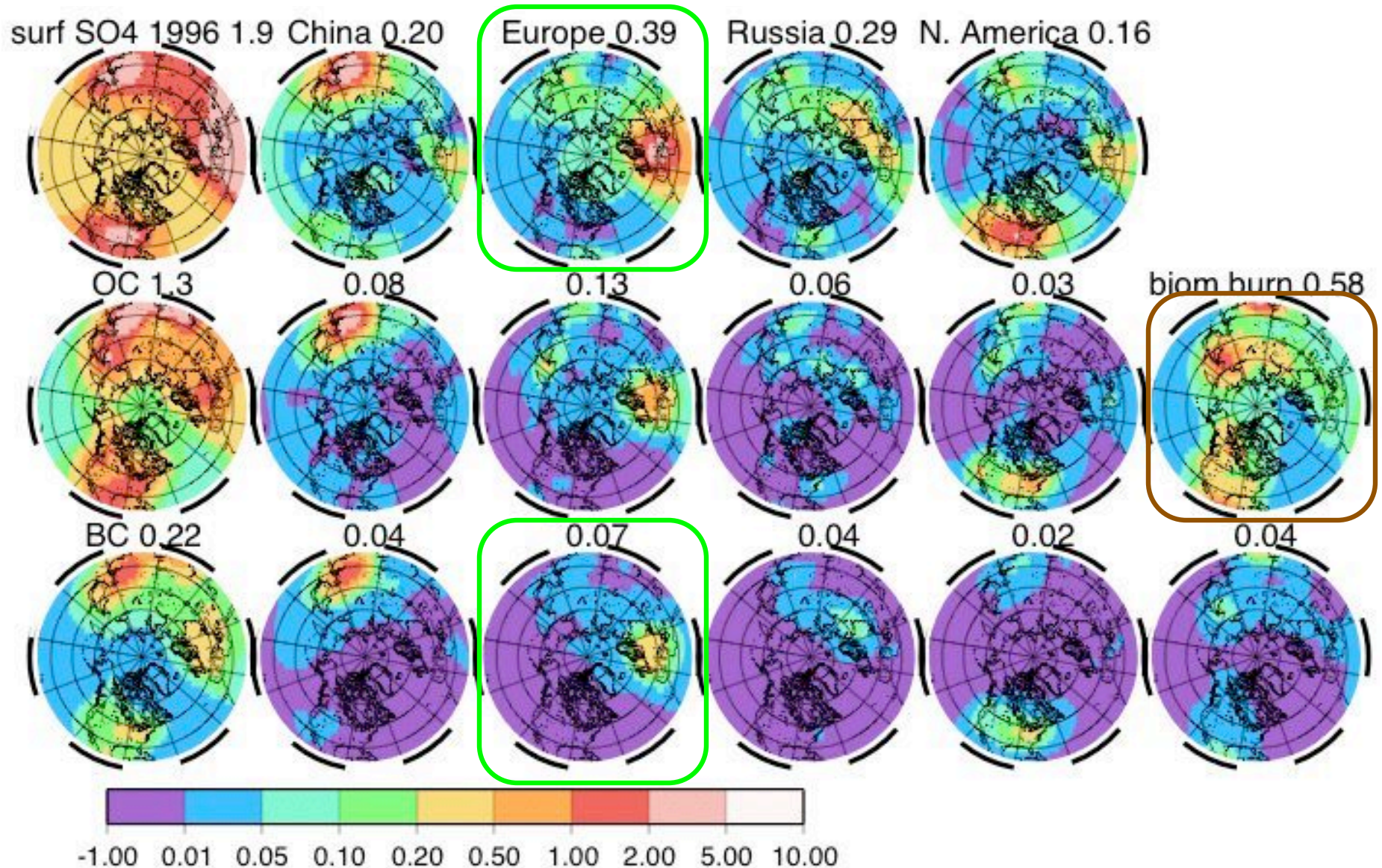
Arctic AOD origins: GISS model

Koch and Hansen, JGR (2005); Koch et al., JGR, in press

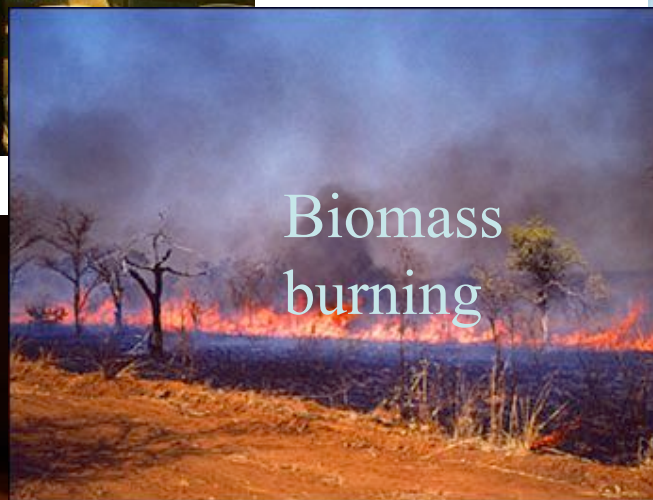


Arctic **surface** concentration origins: GISS model

Koch and Hansen, JGR (2005); Koch et al., JGR, in press

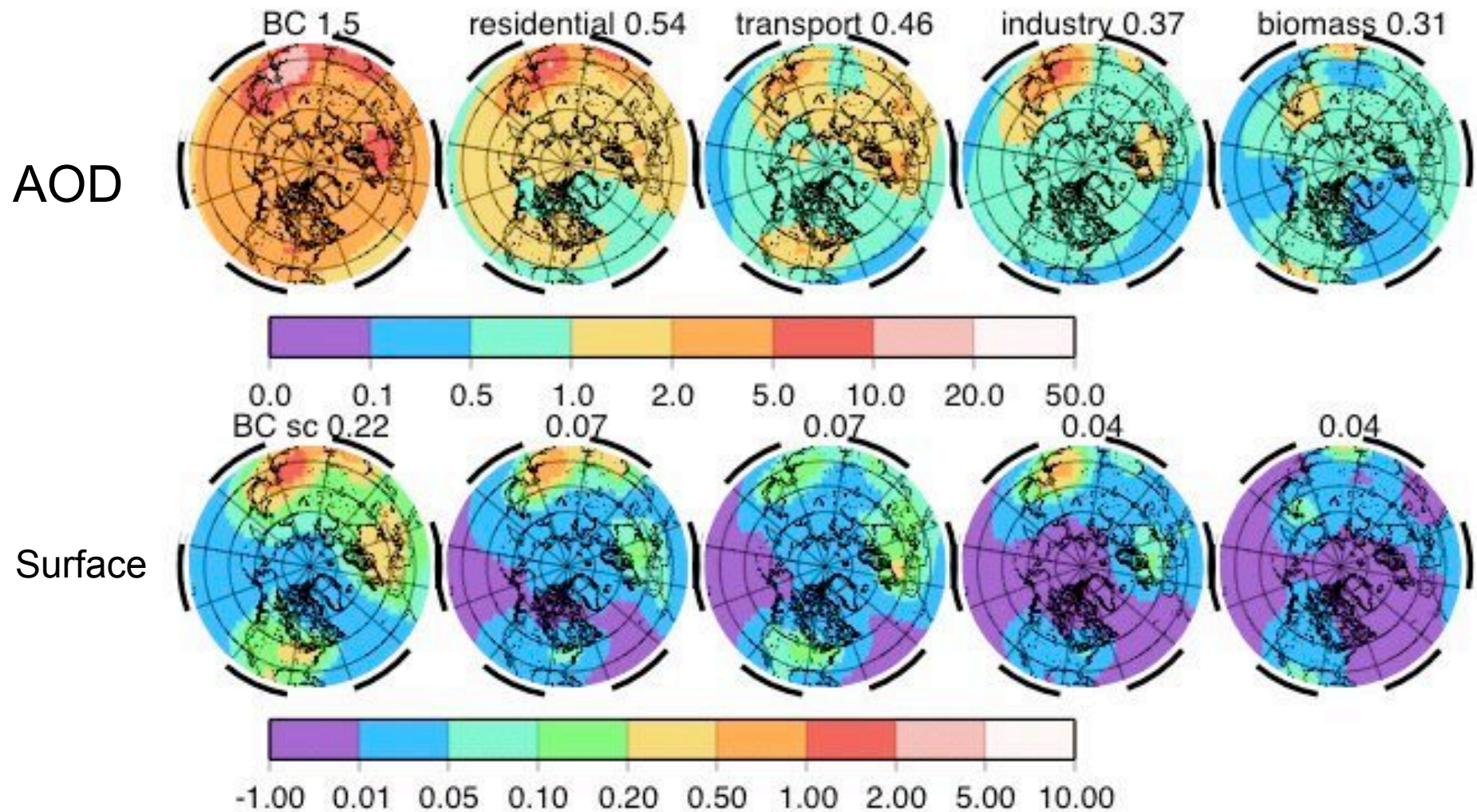


Sectoral sources

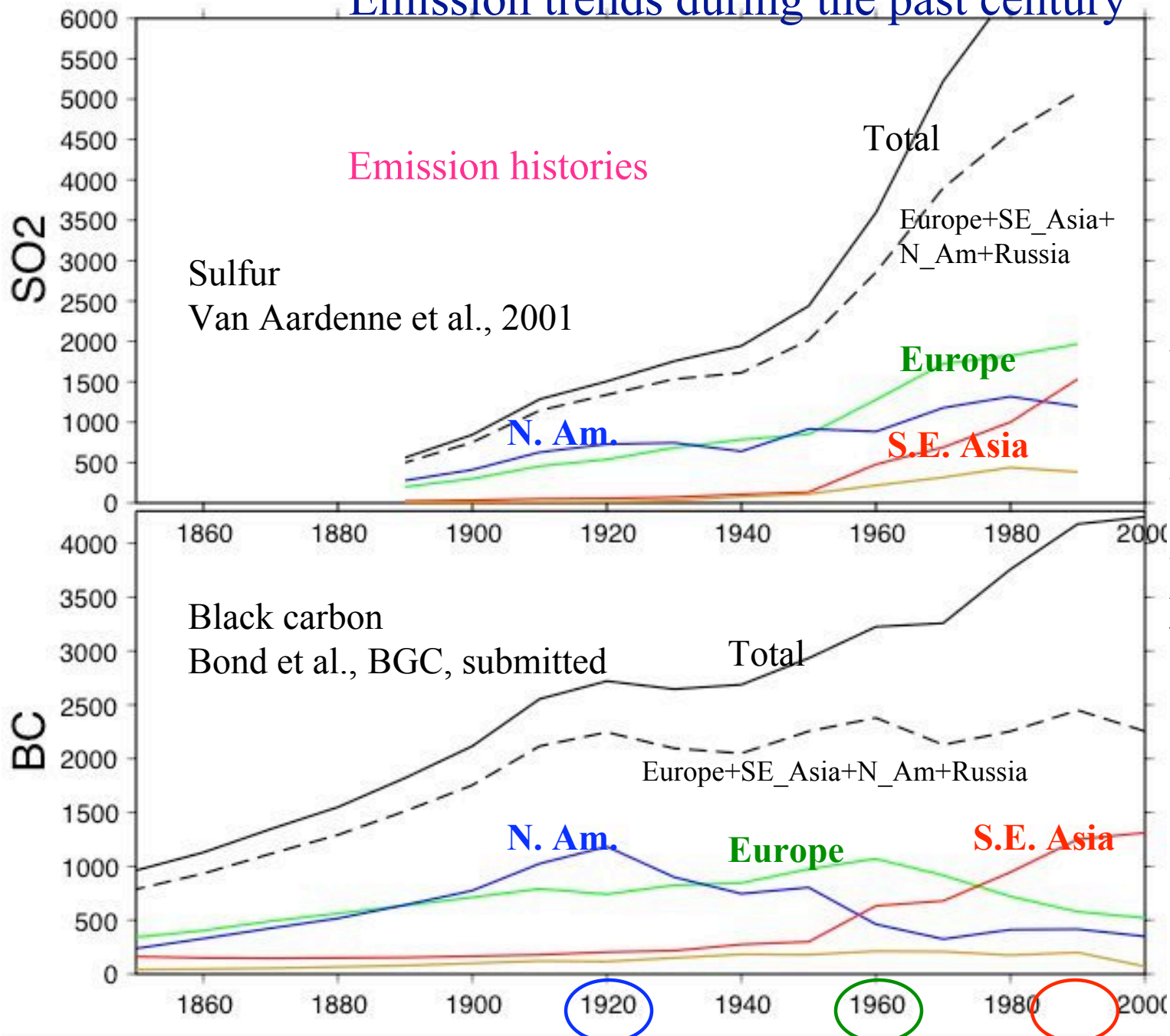


Arctic BC sectoral origins: GISS model

Koch et al., JGR, in press

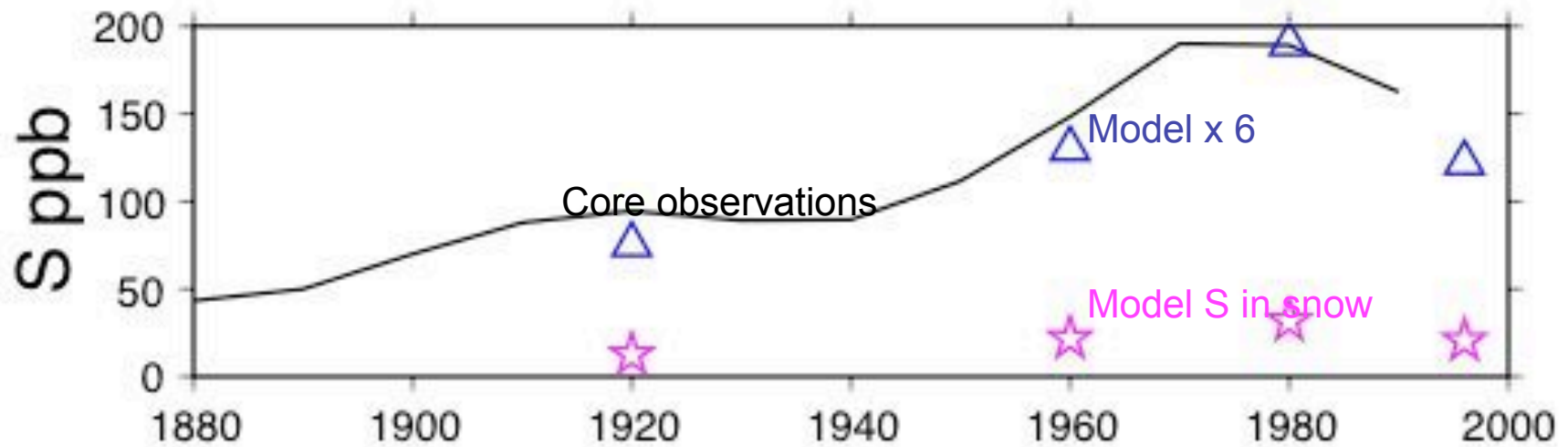


Emission trends during the past century

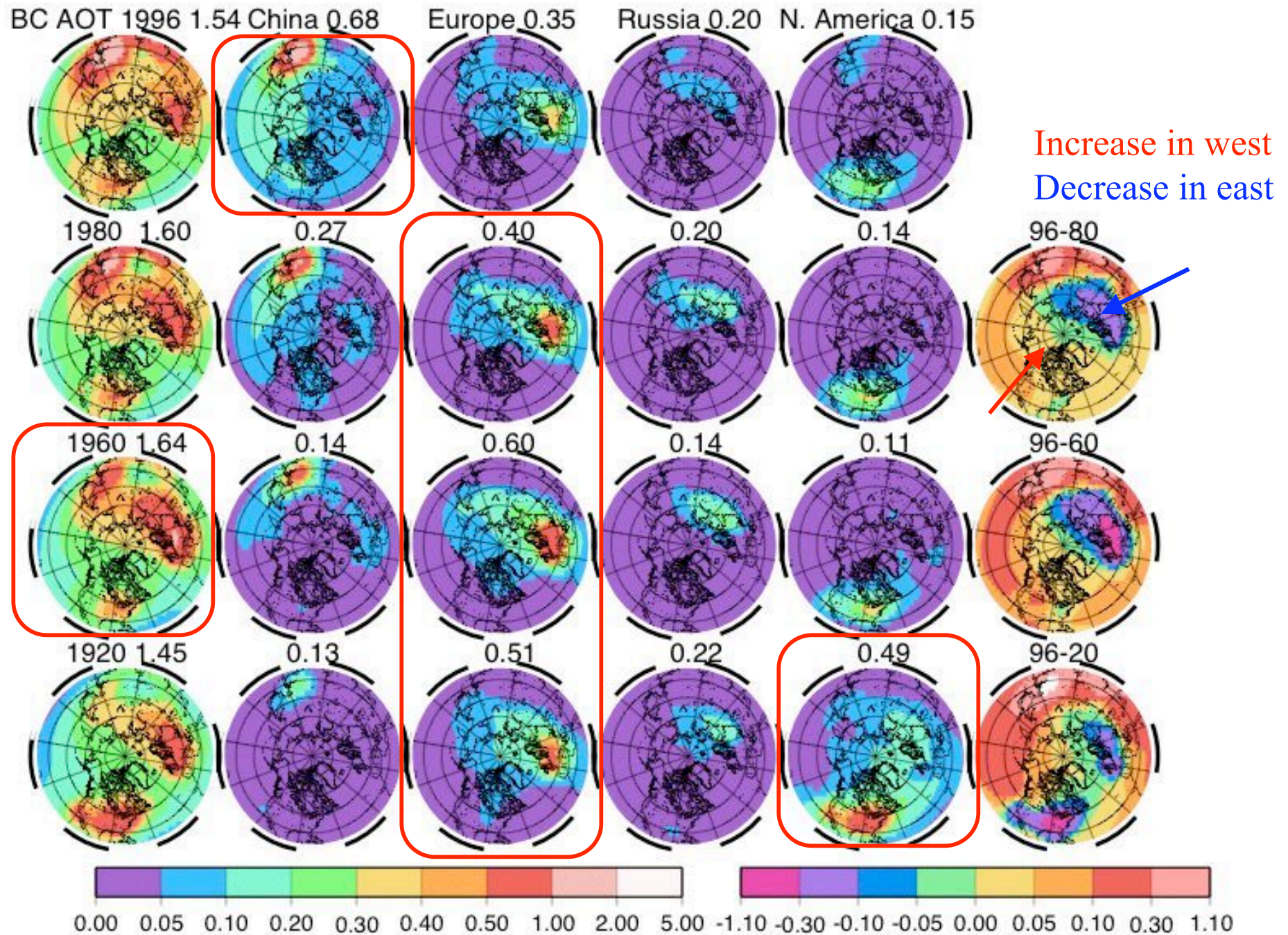


Using these emissions, we model Arctic pollution in 1920, 1960, 1980 and 1996.

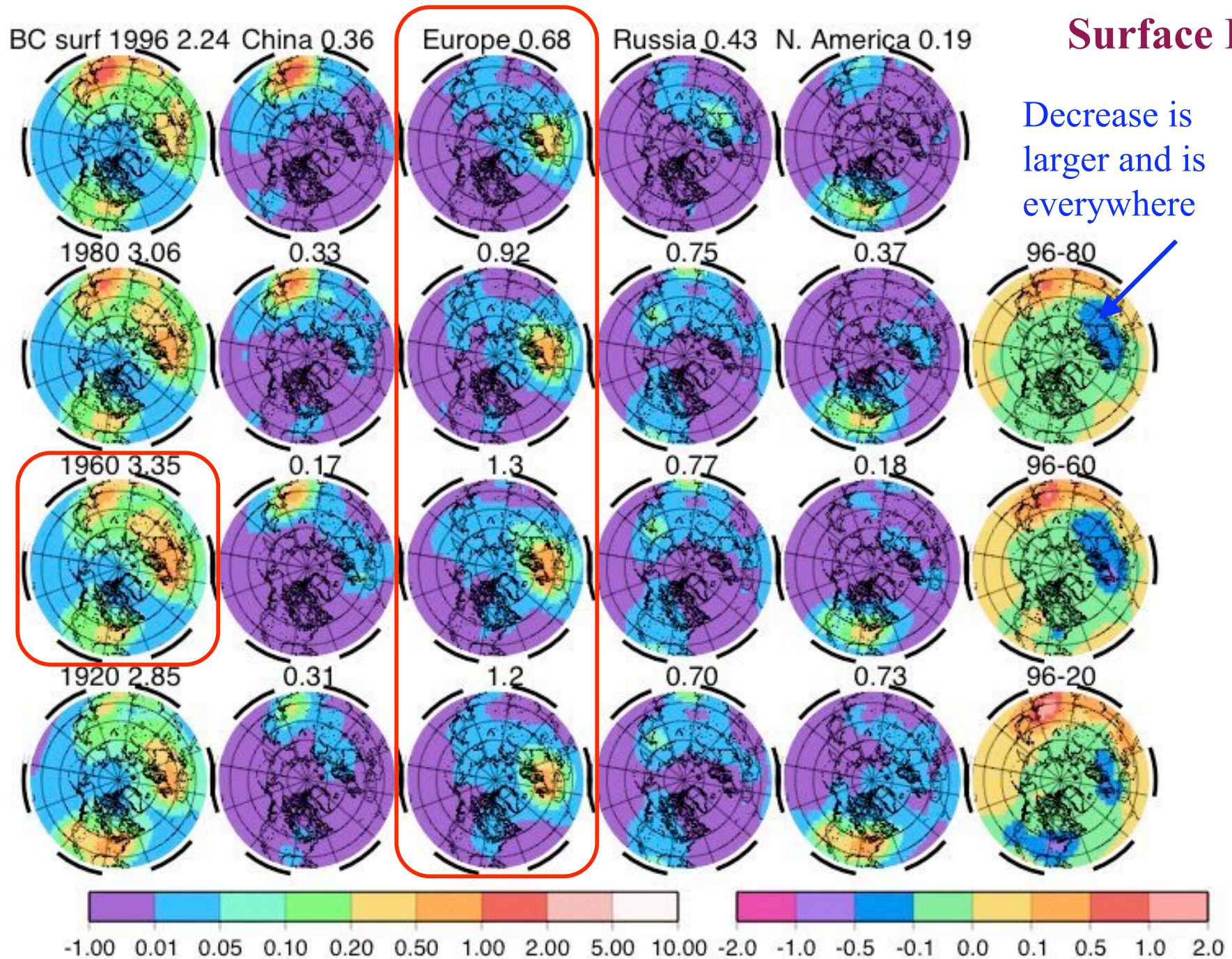
Sulfur trend check: model vs sulfur in Greenland ice core (Fischer *et al.*, 1998)



BC in Column (AOD)



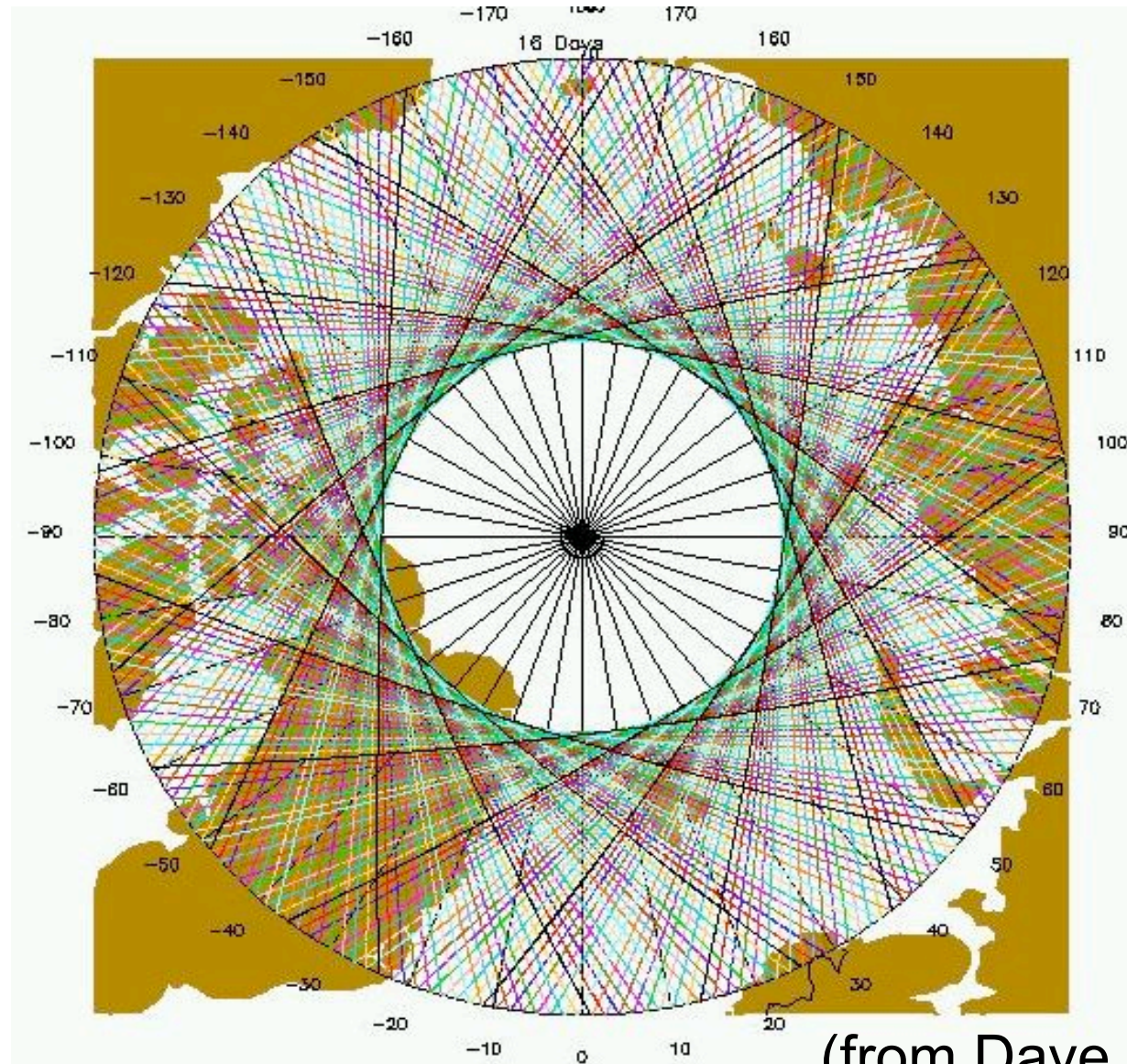
Surface BC



Model Panel Discussion: What do models need?

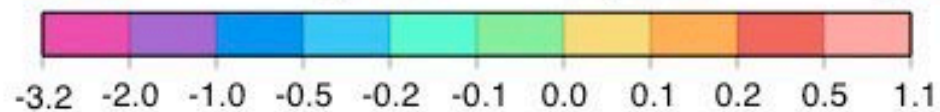
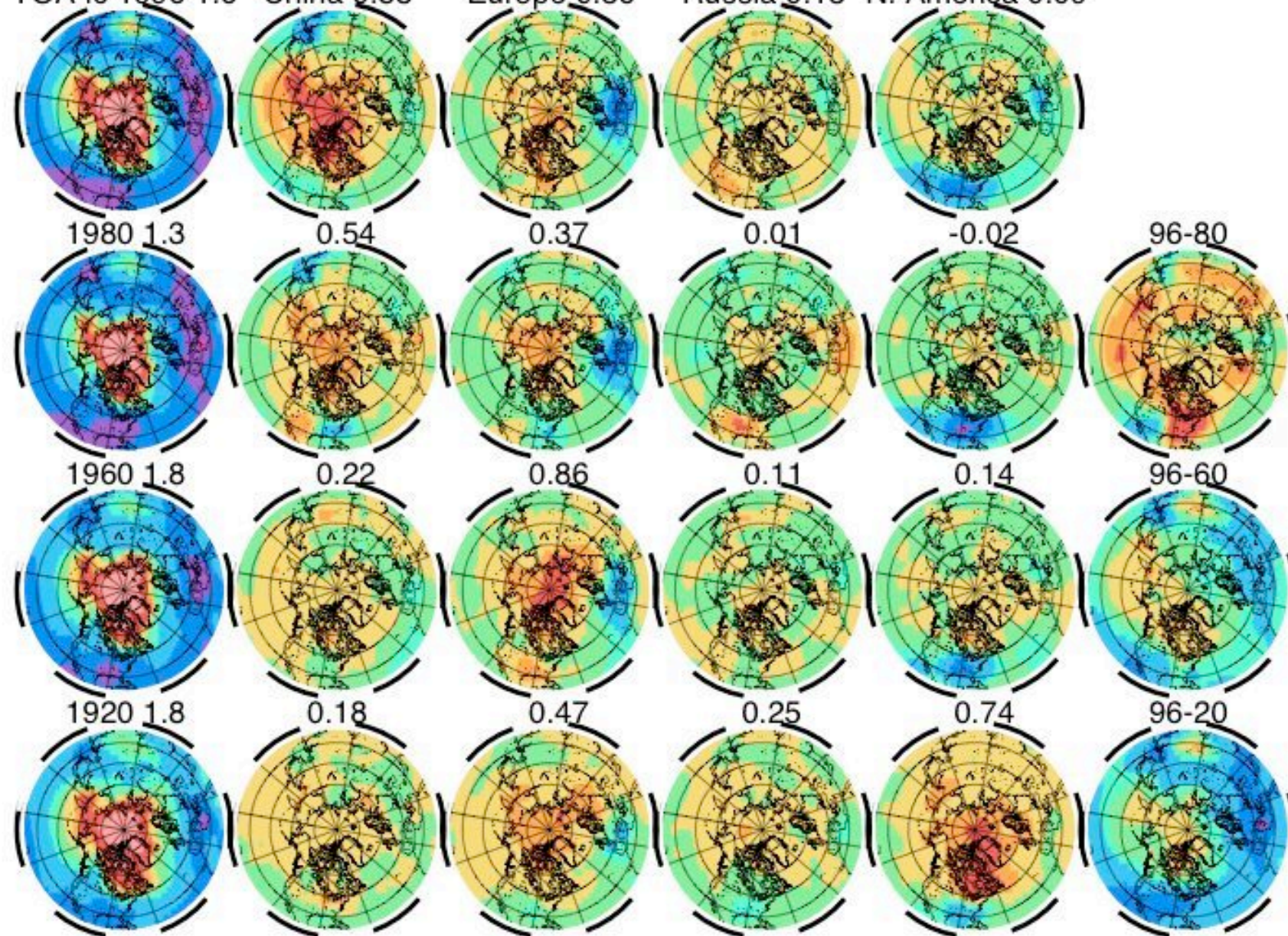
- 1. Examination: Models need to be tested before doing climate simulations!**
- 2. Snow and air concentrations**
- 3. Information on ice/snow removal for individual species; Dry vs wet deposition?**
- 4. Aerosols as a function of altitude: CALIPSO**
Including species information: aircraft, SP2??
- 5. Source attribution data (organic tracers of biomass/residential sources?)**
- 6. Accurate fire emissions for individual years**

CALIOP (CALIPSO) 16-day orbit pattern

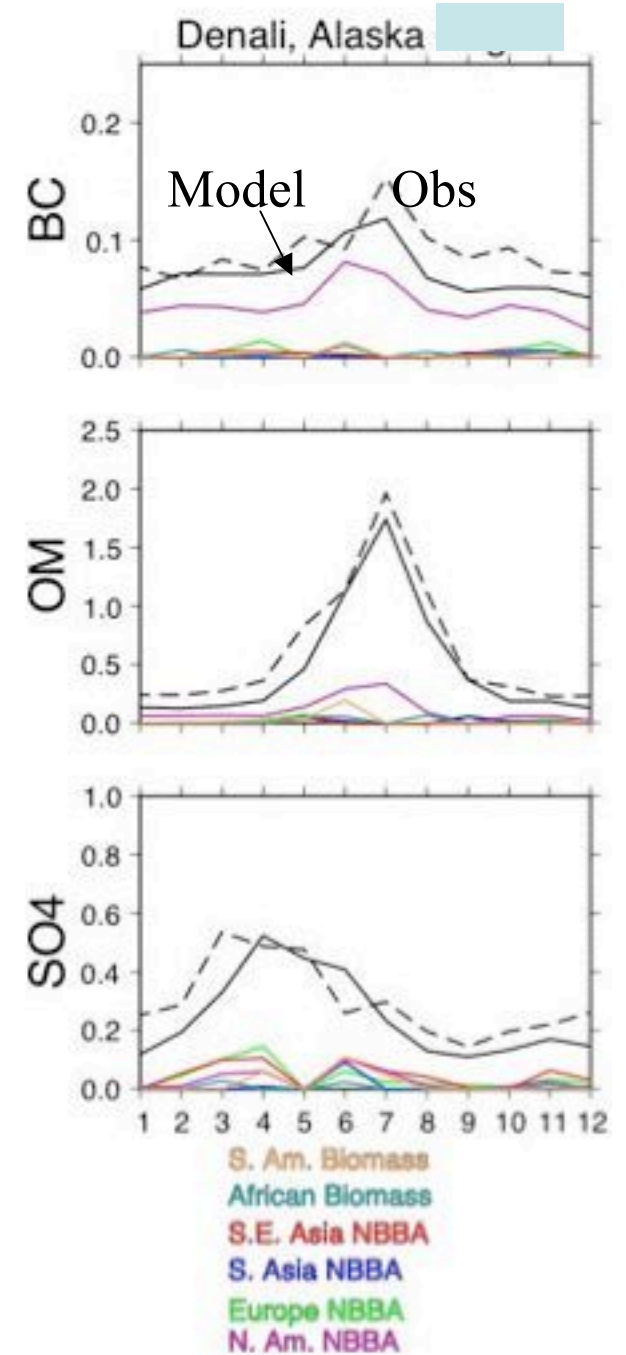


(from Dave Winker)

TOA fc 1996 1.6 China 0.88 Europe 0.36 Russia 0.13 N. America 0.09



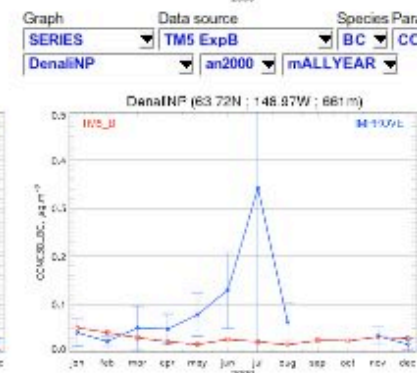
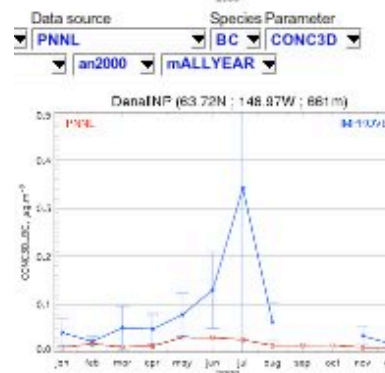
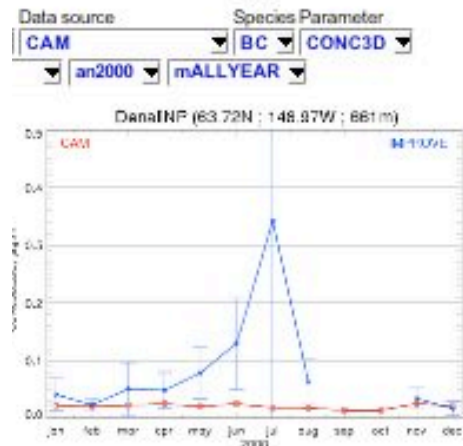
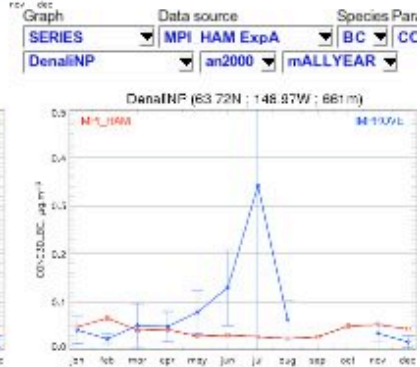
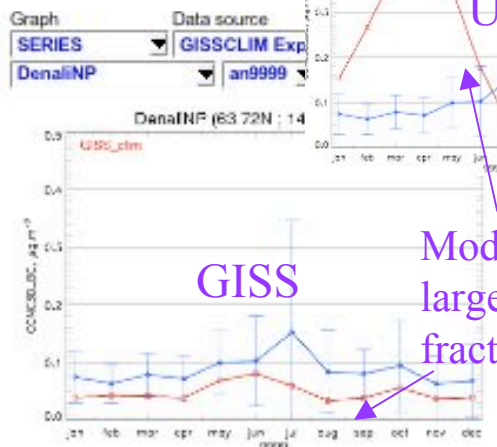
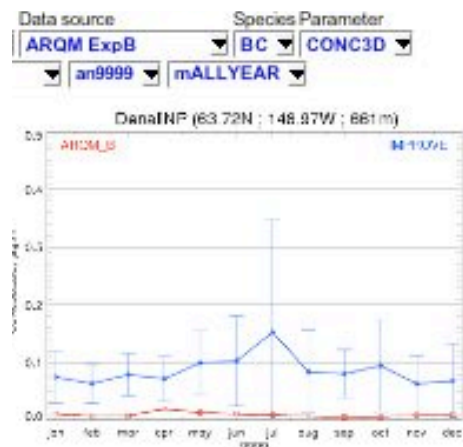
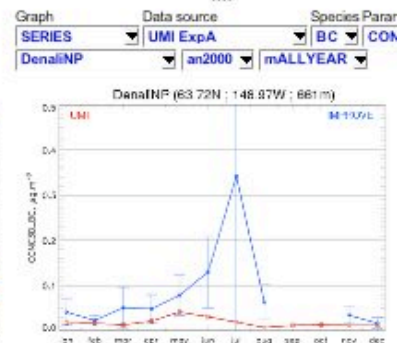
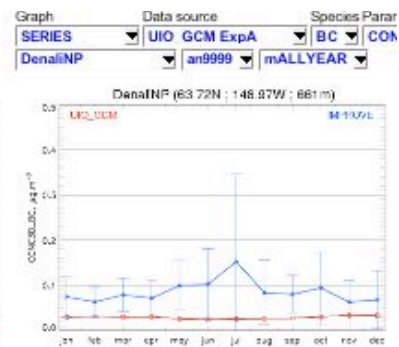
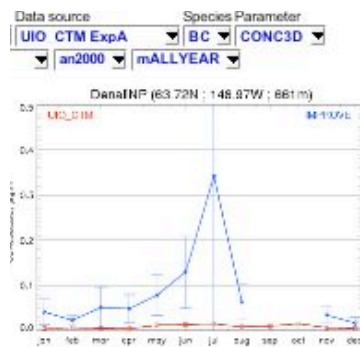
GISS in Denali, Alaska



AEROCOM models in Denali Black Carbon

Red = model

Blue = obs surface conc



ULAQ

GISS

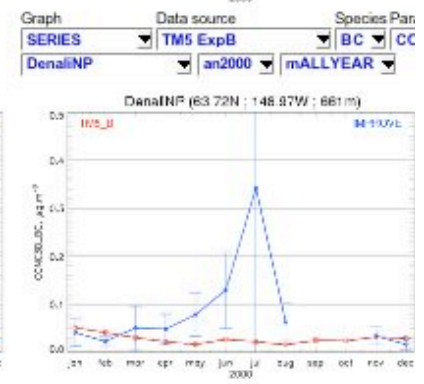
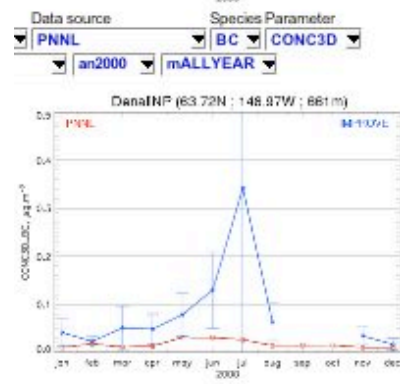
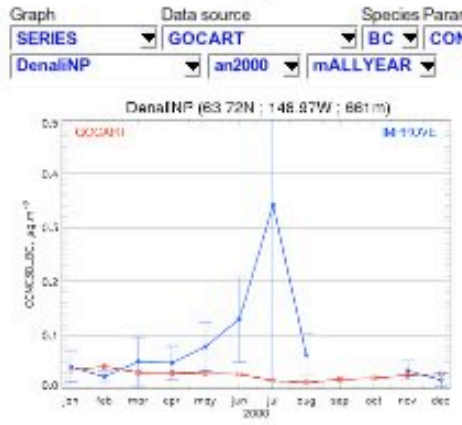
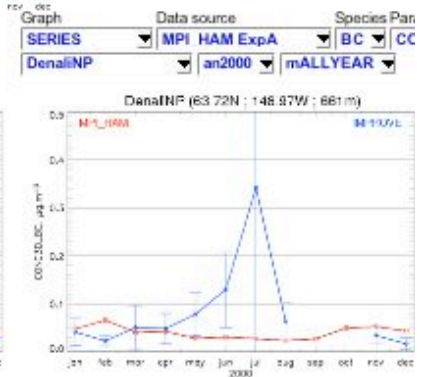
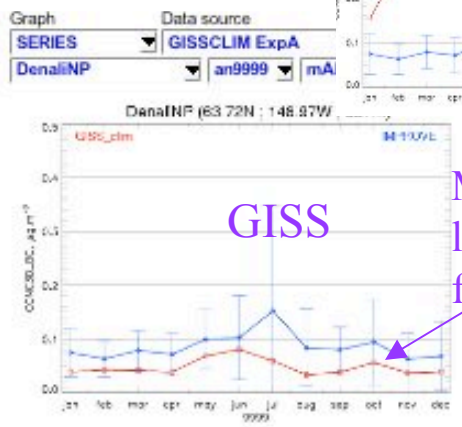
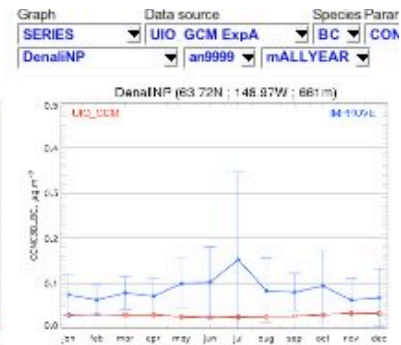
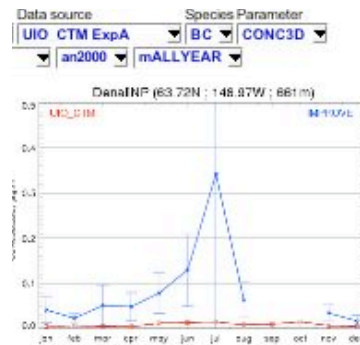
Models with
large polar
fraction

MOZART

AEROCOM models in Denali Black Carbon

Red = model

Blue = obs surface conc



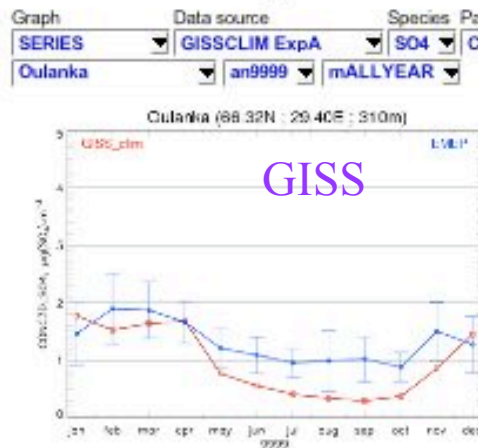
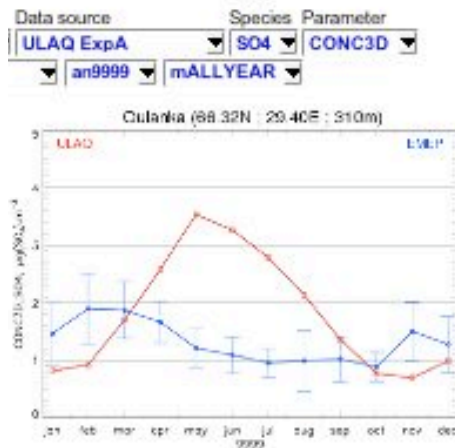
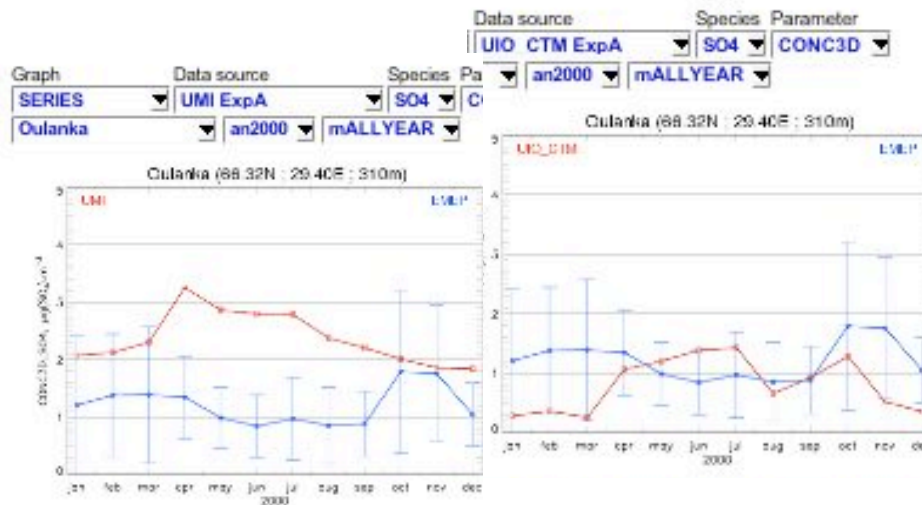
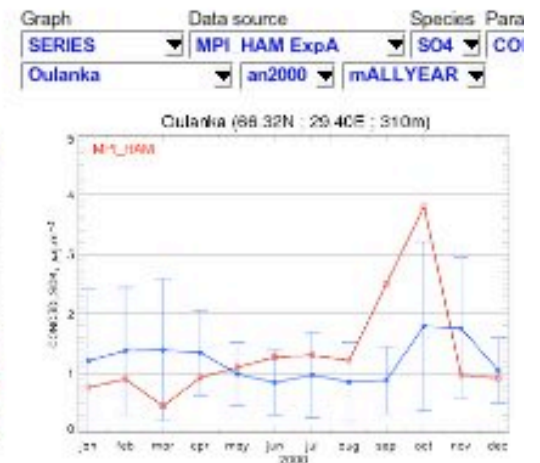
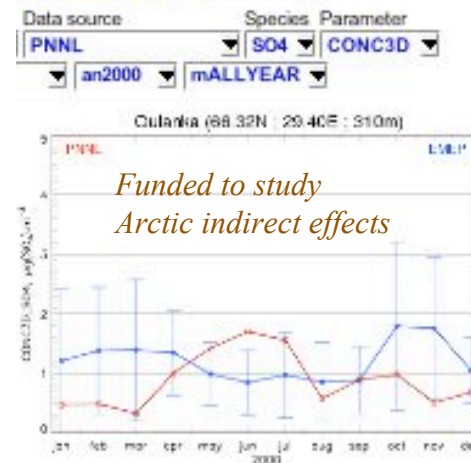
Models with large polar fraction

GISS

MOZART

AEROCOM models in Oulanka, Norway sulfate

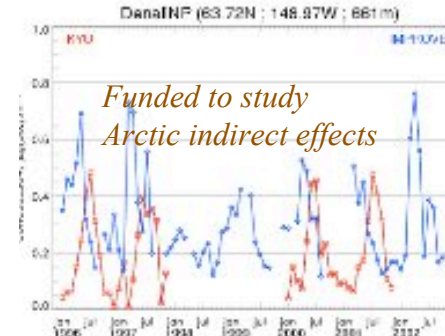
*Funded to study
Arctic indirect effects*



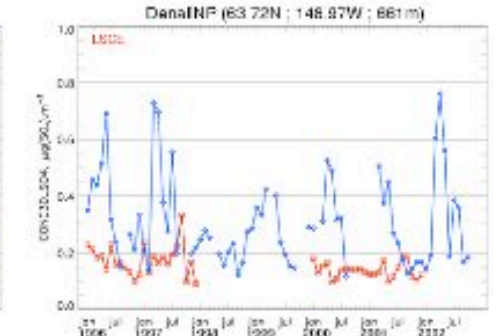
AEROCOM models in Denali, Alaska sulfate

*Funded to study
Arctic indirect effects*

Source Species Parameter
Sprinters ExpA SO4 CONC3D
an96-02 mALLYEAR



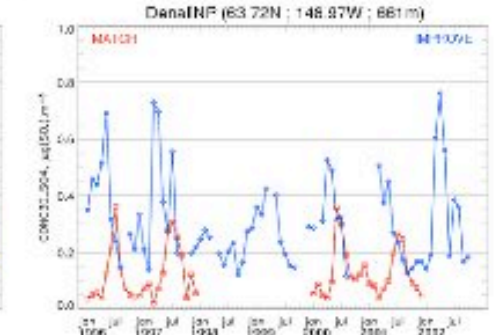
Graph Data source Species Parameter
SERIES LSCE INCA ExpA SO4 CONC3D
DanaINP an96-02 mALLYEAR



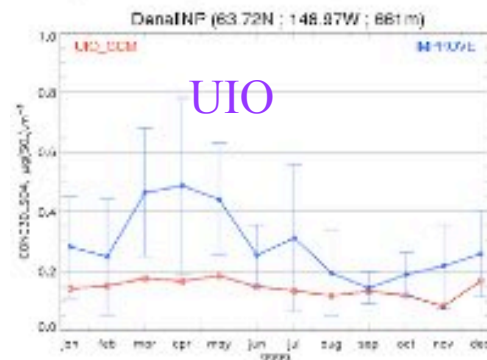
Source Species Parameter
Lille ExpA SO4 CONC3D
an96-02 mALLYEAR



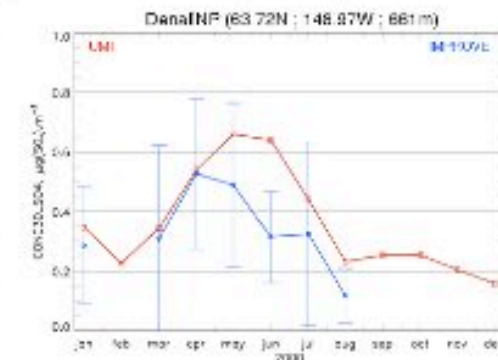
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SERIES MATCH SO4 CONC3D
DanaINP an96-02 mALLYEAR



Data source Species Parameter
UIO GCM ExpA SO4 CONC3D
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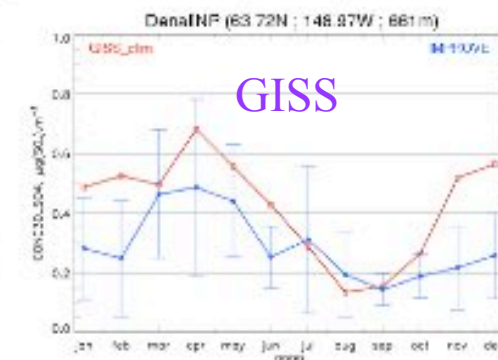
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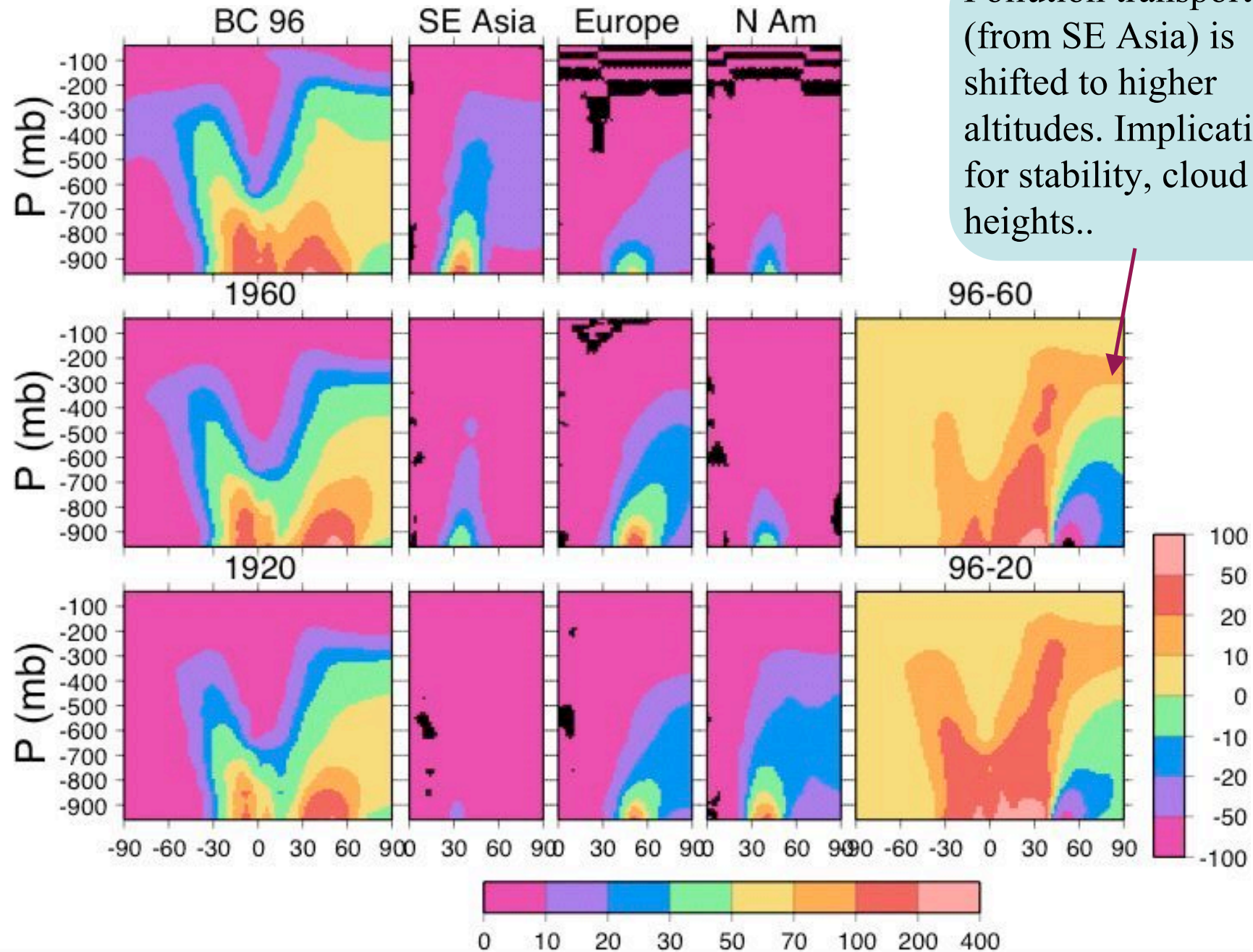
Data source Species Parameter
ULAQ ExpA SO4 CONC3D
an9999 mALLYEAR



Graph Data source Species Para
SERIES GISSCLIM ExpA SO4 CO
DanaINP an9999 mALLYEAR



Evolution of Arctic BC: 1920 - 1996



Pollution transport (from SE Asia) is shifted to higher altitudes. Implications for stability, cloud heights..